

## **Key Conversations – Difficult Conversations**

These slides were designed to be used alongside the Key Conversations – Difficult Conversations Facilitator Guide

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## What are our responsibilities in having conversations?

#### **NDIS Practice Standards**

- Rights and Responsibilities
  - Person centred supports
  - Support Planning
  - Independence and informed choice
- Governance and Operational Management
  - Complaints
  - Continuity of supports
- Provision of Supports

#### **NDIS Code of Conduct**

- Act with respect for individual rights
- Support people to make decisions
- Enables people to understand information and make their will and preference known by using the most appropriate form, language and manner to communicate
- Takes into account people's expressed values and beliefs



## **Empathy**

Before we begin, let's take a couple of minutes on **Empathy**:

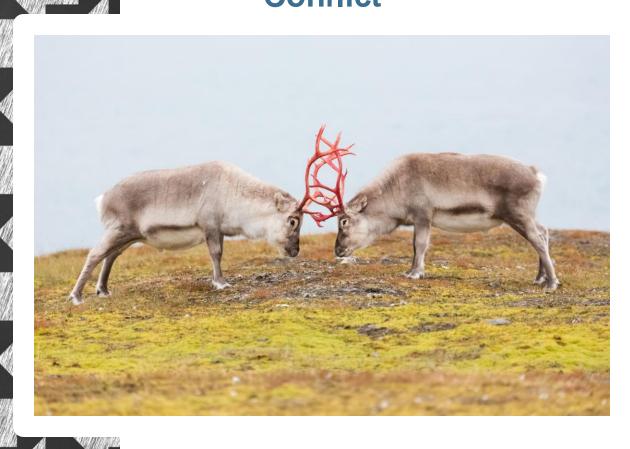
RSA and Brene Brown

The four skills of empathy

- Perspective taking
- Staying out of judgement
- Recognising emotions in other people
- Talking about / acknowledging those emotions.



## **Conflict**





## In a difficult conversation, what might....

#### **Aggressive communication look like?**

- Getting angry, raising their voice
- Interrupting and talk over someone.
- Blaming or being critical of others.
- Insulting the other person
- Refusing to back down or listen to the other person

#### **Passive communication look like?**

- Being quiet all of the time
- Apologising when you haven't done anything
- Agreeing to everything youre asked even if it's unreasonable.
- Not expressing your point of view.

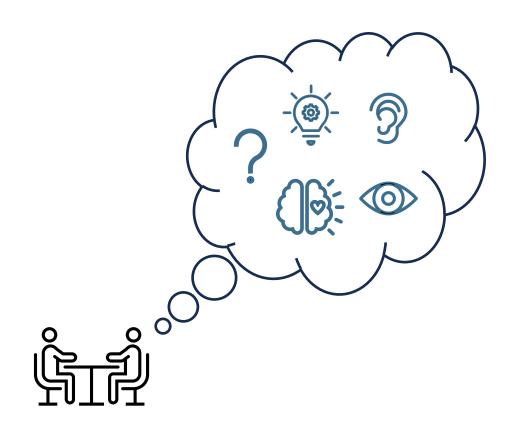
#### Passive aggressive communication look like?

- Making a backhanded compliment, for example: "I like your report, it's almost as good as John's"
- Pretending not to know about a previously agreed action
- Verbally agreeing, but communicating with body language that they don't agree
- Not showing up to the conversation at all!



#### **Assertive Communication**

- Practicing active listening.
- Acknowledging the other's emotions.
- Maintaining open body language.
- Using "I" statements.
- Keeping tone calm, patient and composed.
- Respecting personal boundaries.
- Seeking mutual understanding.
- Focusing on the issue, not the person.
- Offering constructive feedback.





## Planning a difficult conversation



There is a big difference between planning and scripting

#### Get the facts right

- What are the facts and what are your assumptions
- Feelings and intentions

#### Think about objectives

- What is the problem
- What do you want to achieve
- How will you uphold the person's rights

## Check any policies or guidelines which might apply Prepare for the conversation

- How, where, when?
- What will I say?
- How will I listen?



#### Having a difficult conversation

## Step 0

## Stop and check in: Are you calm enough to have this conversation?

- What are your early warning signs?
- How can we excuse ourselves from a conversation?













#### Having a difficult conversation

## Step 1



# Establish a shared goal for this conversation.

- Reframe it from 'me vs you' to 'us vs the problem'.
- What is the problem we both want to fix?

## Step 2



#### Get curious, ask questions

- Open, non-judgemental questions.
- Active listening.
- Learn what they want and why.
- · Summarise it back to them.

## Step 3



#### **Communicate our position**

- Get consent first.
- Outline the nonnegotiables.
- Develop creative solutions together.



## After a difficult conversation



**Debrief** 



Your rights and safety



Reflect



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For more information on the project and access to more free resources, visit our website at <a href="https://www.nds.org.au/resources/all-resources/wa-ndis-quality-and-safeguards-sector-readiness-project">https://www.nds.org.au/resources/all-resources/wa-ndis-quality-and-safeguards-sector-readiness-project</a>

